



PATIENT

Isabelle Barnhouse

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Yorkie

SEX

Female Intact

AGE

11 years

WEIGHT

8.9lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Maggie Machen Lamy,
DVM, DACVIM
(Cardiology)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Sarah Pender, CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

SVS Imaging QC

REFERRING VET

Dr. Hartmann

INVOICE

25475

DATE

7/21/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: This patient was just adopted from a rescue group. She was a breeder and needs to be spayed. Also has severe dental disease and owner would like to do a dental. Currently being treated for an ear infection and owner has now reported general pruritis. We will be advising a cytopoint shot. -Pre-anesthetic ECG screen: R wave amplitude increased, and tall P waves noted. Multiple ECG criteria for structural heart disease are identified. -BP: 228/88 (134) 189/89 (125) 233/82 (121) 212/91 (131) 156/74 (107)mmHg.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS *NOTE: Images submitted for supplemental cardiac information only. Subjective cardiomegaly; however, VHS is 10.25. No obvious evidence of CHF.

ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS *Note: Single lead ECGs are evaluated as a rhythm strip. Morphology/MEA cannot be definitively commented on. A single lead ECG is available; 25mm/s, 10mm/mV. The average heart rate is 120bpm (range 65-166bpm). The rhythm is sinus in origin, with a p for every QRS complex and vice versa. The P and QRS morphologies are positive. No ectopic beats, pauses or other dysrhythmias observed. ECG diagnosis: Normal sinus rhythm with respiratory variation.

ECHOCARDIOGRAM FINDINGS

2D, m-mode, color flow and doppler imaging is available. Normal mitral valve leaflets with no prolapse into the left atrial lumen. No obvious mitral regurgitation with a normal left atrial dimension. Normal LV diameter with adequate myocardial function. The tricuspid valve appears normal with mild tricuspid regurgitation. Velocity consistent with early pulmonary hypertension. Mild right heart enlargement. The pulmonic and aortic valves are normal in morphology and mobility. Normal pulmonic and aortic outflow velocities with laminar flow. No obvious aortic or pulmonic insufficiency. No pericardial or pleural effusion noted. No obvious cardiac masses.

CARDIAC CHART

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (Boon method)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	<1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT		2.9	1.6	1.3	38	71	0.4
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	LA 2D short axis Base view (cm)	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW
PATIENT	160	1.2	1.1	4.0	1.4	1.9	1.2
*Normal chamber parameters expressed as a mean value (SD)				3	1.27 (5.3)	2.46 (2.46)	1.36 (5.5)
BODY WEIGHT DEPENDENT PARAMETERS				5	1.40 (4.5)	2.74 (5.2)	1.60 (4.7)
<i>*Note: All measurements based upon multi-modal images and methods. An average value is reported.</i>				10	1.50 (3.8)	3.27 (3.5)	2.06 (3.1)
				15	1.83 (2.0)	3.71 (2.4)	2.43 (2.1)
				20	2.02 (1.9)	4.14 (2.2)	2.80 (2.0)
				25	2.18 (2.4)	4.48 (2.9)	3.10 (2.5)
				30	2.33 (3.3)	4.83 (3.9)	3.39 (3.4)
				35	2.48 (4.3)	5.17 (5.0)	3.69 (4.5)
				40	2.62 (5.2)	5.48 (6.1)	3.96 (5.4)
				50	2.88 (7.1)	6.07 (8.3)	4.46 (7.4)

Adapted from June Boon, Veterinary Echocardiography, 1998
Rishniw M and Hollis NE, J Vet Intern Med 2000; 14:429-435
Hansson et al, Vet Rad and Ultrasound 2002
Bonagura et al. Echocardiography: principles of interpretation, Vet Clin North Am 15:1177, 1995

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

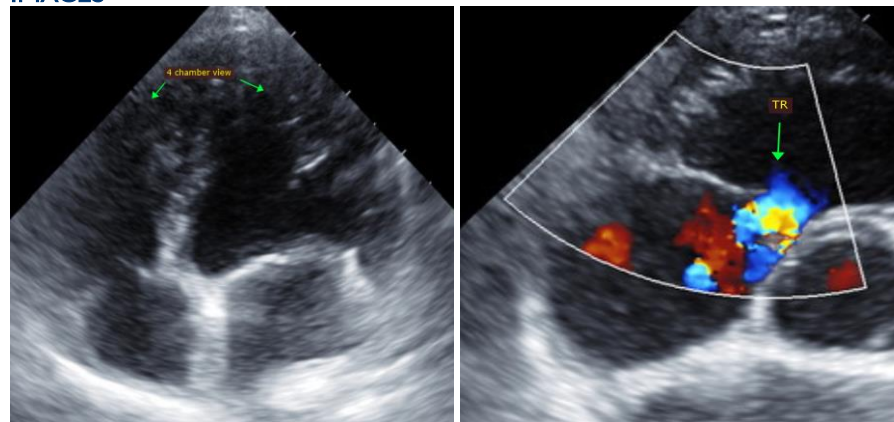
Overtly normal cardiac dimensions and function, with no obvious dysfunction or dilation of the left heart. A small tricuspid leak is noted with mildly elevated pulmonary pressures. This is of unknown significance in an asymptomatic dog without a history of respiratory issues. The right heart is mildly enlarged, which warrants follow up in the future. No additional issues are identified. The ECG is unremarkable with a normal sinus rhythm.

Monitor for development of a heart murmur, cough, labored breathing, exercise intolerance or collapse episodes.

The reported blood pressures are too variable to interpret. Ideally obtain serial measurements in a controlled, low stress environment and continue until the readings plateau within 5mmHg of variability for 3+ readings.

No cardiac contraindication for general anesthesia. Pre-oxygenate for 5-10 minutes prior to induction.

A recheck echocardiogram is recommended in 1 year, sooner if clinical signs of progressive PAH are noted, such as syncope or dyspnea.

IMAGES

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Maggie Machen Lamy, DVM
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